

# Contraception Quiz

## Part 1 (True or False)

1. Wearing two condoms is better protection. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Hormonal methods of birth control also prevent some STIs. \_\_\_\_\_
3. The most effective contraceptive method is using condoms *and* the pill (or another hormonal method). \_\_\_\_\_
4. The “morning-after pill” or emergency contraception requires a prescription from a doctor. \_\_\_\_\_
5. A woman can become pregnant without having sexual intercourse. \_\_\_\_\_
6. Having an IUD for contraception means you do not need to wear condoms. \_\_\_\_\_
7. The ring, the patch and the pill are all on a 3-week-on/1-week-off schedule. \_\_\_\_\_
8. A woman is safe from pregnancy if sexual intercourse occurs during menstruation. \_\_\_\_\_
9. The pill causes cancer. \_\_\_\_\_
10. Parents must know if you’re on the pill. \_\_\_\_\_

## Part 2 (Short Answer)

1. Name 3 barrier methods of protection from STIs.
2. When should emergency contraception be taken?
3. What should a woman do if she misses taking a pill?
4. Why does spermicide alone increase the risk of contracting some STIs?
5. Name 3 hormonal contraception methods that are used in 28-day cycles.